

**SUMMARY OF THE LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE PROTECTION
ASSOCIATION ACT AND NOTICE CONCERNING COVERAGE LIMITATIONS
AND EXCLUSIONS**

INTRODUCTION

Residents of Colorado who purchase life insurance, annuities or health insurance should know that the insurance companies licensed in this state to write these types of insurance are members of the Life and Health Insurance Protection Association. The purpose of this Association is to assure that policyholders will be protected, within limits, in the unlikely event that a member insurer becomes financially unable to meet its obligations. If this should happen, the Association will assess its other member insurance companies for the money to pay the claims of insured persons who live in Colorado and, in some cases, to keep coverage in force. The valuable extra protection provided by these insurers through the Association is limited, however. As noted in the box below, this protection is not a substitute for consumers' care in selecting companies that are well-managed and financially stable.

IMPORTANT DISCLAIMER

The Life and Health Insurance Protection Association may not provide coverage for this policy. If coverage is provided, it may be subject to substantial limitations or exclusions, and require residency in Colorado. You should not rely on coverage by the Life and Health Insurance Protection Association in selecting an insurance company or in selecting an insurance policy.

Coverage is NOT provided for your policy or any portion of it that is not guaranteed by the insurer or for which you have assumed the risk.

Insurance companies or their agents are required by law to give or send you this notice. However, insurance companies and their agents are prohibited by law from using the existence of the association to induce you to purchase any kind of insurance policy.

SUMMARY

The state law that provides for this safety-net coverage is called the Life and Health Insurance Protection Association Act. Below is a brief summary of this law's coverages, exclusions and limits. This summary does not cover all provisions of the law; nor does it in any way change anyone's rights or obligations under the act or the rights or obligations of the Association.

Coverage. Generally, individuals will be protected by the Life and Health Insurance Protection Association if they live in this state and hold a life or health insurance contract, or an annuity, or if they hold certificates under a group life or health insurance contract or annuity, issued by a member insurer. The beneficiaries, payees or assignees of insured persons are protected as well, even if they live in another state.

(Continued on Reverse Side)

This Information is Provided By:

Life and Health Insurance Protection Association
475 17th Street, Suite 1250
Denver, Colorado 80202
(303) 292-5022

Colorado Division of Insurance
1560 Broadway, Suite 850
Denver, Colorado 80202
(303) 894-7499

Exclusions From Coverage. Persons holding such policies or contracts are **not** protected by this Association if:

- they are not residents of the State of Colorado, except under certain very specific circumstances;
- the insurer was not authorized or licensed to do business in Colorado at the time the policy or contract was issued;
- their policy was issued by a nonprofit hospital or health service corporation (e.g. the “Blues”), an HMO, a fraternal benefit society, a mandatory state pooling plan, a mutual assessment company or similar plan in which the policyholder is subject to future assessments, or by an insurance exchange.

The Association also does **not** provide coverage for:

- any policy or portion of a policy which is not guaranteed by the insurer or for which the individual has assumed the risk;
- any policy of reinsurance (unless an assumption certificate was issued);
- plans of employers, associations or similar entities to the extent they are self-funded or uninsured (that is, not insured by an insurance company, even if an insurance company administers them);
- interest rate yields that exceed an average rate;
- dividends;
- experience rating credits;
- credits given in connection with the administration of a policy or contract;
- annuity contracts or group annuity certificates not owned by an individual unless and to the extent guaranteed to an individual by the insurer.
- annuity contracts or group annuity certificates used by nonprofit insurance companies to provide retirement benefits for nonprofit educational institutions and their employees;
- policies, contracts, certificates or subscriber agreements issued by a prepaid dental care plan;
- sickness and accident insurance when written by a property and casualty insurer as part of an automobile insurance contract;
- unallocated annuity contracts issued to an employee benefit plan protected under the federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation;
- policies or contracts issued by an insurer which was insolvent or unable to fulfill its contractual obligations as of July 1, 1991;
- policies or contracts covering persons who are not citizens or permanent residents of the United States;
- financial guarantees, funding agreements or guaranteed investment contracts not containing mortality guarantees and not issued to or in connection with a specific employee benefit plan or governmental lottery;
- any kind of insurance or annuity, the benefits of which are exclusively payable or determined by a separate account required by the terms of such insurance policy or annuity maintained by the insurer or by a separate entity.

Limits On Amount Of Coverage. The act also limits the amount the Association is obligated to payout. The Association cannot pay more than what the insurance company would owe under a policy or contract. Also, for any one insured life, the Association will pay a maximum of \$300,000 - no matter how many policies and contracts there were with the same company, even if they provided different types of coverages. Within this overall \$300,000 limit, the Association will not pay more than \$100,000 in cash surrender values, \$100,000 in health insurance benefits, \$100,000 in present value of annuity benefits, or \$300,000 in life insurance death benefits - again, no matter how many policies and contracts there were with the same company, and no matter how many different types of coverages.